



NASSAU

ISP Choice

A Level Premium Variable Life Insurance Policy
with four premium payment period options

Nassau Life Insurance Company

*This prospectus is for our Level Premium Variable Life Insurance Policy,
which we call ISP Choice.*

May 1, 2021

ISP CHOICE

A Level Premium Variable Life Insurance Policy
with four premium payment period options

ISPC-10, ISPC-20, ISPC-65,
ISPC-Whole Life, ISP10 Express

Administrative Office

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Offered By Nassau Life Insurance Company Through First Investors Life Level Premium Variable Life Insurance Separate Account B.

This prospectus describes an individual Level Premium Variable Life Policy (the "Policy") formerly offered by Nassau Life Insurance Company ("NNY", "We", "Us" or "Our"; "You" and "Your" refer to a prospective or existing owner of a Policy) through First Investors Life Level Premium Variable Life Insurance Separate Account B ("Separate Account B" or "Separate Account"). **The Policy is no longer available for new sales, but owners of outstanding Policies may continue to make premium payments.**

Please read this prospectus and keep it for future reference. It contains important information, including all material benefits, features, rights and obligations under a Policy, that You should know. The premiums under this Policy may be invested in Subaccounts of Separate Account B that invest in certain series of the Delaware VIP® Trust (the "VIP Series") or the Goldman Sachs Variable Insurance Trust. Throughout this prospectus, we refer to these underlying mutual funds as "Funds." Premiums may also be invested in Our Fixed Account. This prospectus is accompanied by the current prospectuses for the Funds.

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") has not approved or disapproved these securities or passed judgment on the accuracy or adequacy of this prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

NNY does not guarantee the performance of the segregated investment options under the Separate Account B that correspond to the Funds. The Policy is not a deposit or obligation of, or guaranteed or endorsed by, any bank or depository institution, or federally insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, the Federal Reserve Board or any other agency. The Policy involves investment risk, including possible loss of principal amount invested.

This prospectus does not constitute an offering in any state or jurisdiction in which such offering may not lawfully be made. NNY does not authorize any information or representations regarding the offering described in this prospectus other than as contained in this prospectus or any supplement thereto or in any supplemental sales material authorized by NNY.

The date of this prospectus is May 1, 2021.

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SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AND RISKS OF THE POLICY

This summary outlines important benefits and risks associated with the Policy. More detailed information about the Policy follows the summary.

POLICY BENEFITS

The Policy provides life insurance protection on the named Insured, and pays death benefit proceeds when the Insured dies while the Policy is in effect. The Policy allows You to select the amount of life insurance that You want or the amount of premium that You will pay each year, and to select one of four premium payment period options. The Policy offered either a standard underwriting procedures option or a non-medically underwritten option. A Policy that used standard underwriting procedures offered four premium payment periods—a 10-year option (“ISP CHOICE 10” or “ISPC-10”), a 20-year option (“ISP CHOICE 20” or “ISPC-20”), an option to pay until age 65 (“ISP CHOICE-65” or “ISPC-65”), and an option to pay until age 100 (“ISP CHOICE-Whole Life” or “ISPC-WL”). A non-medically underwritten Policy was only available in a 10-year premium payment option, referred to as ISP10 Express. In the case of ISP CHOICE-10 and ISP10 Express You pay premiums for 10 years, in the case of ISP CHOICE-20 You pay premiums for 20 years, in the case of ISP CHOICE-65 You pay premiums until You reach age 65 and in the case of ISP CHOICE-Whole Life You pay premiums until You reach age 100.

Once You make Your selections and the Policy is issued, Your premium and payment premium period cannot be changed by You or Us. The net amount of each premium remaining after deduction of Policy charges is

invested in Our Fixed Account and/or one or more investment Subaccounts in accordance with Your instructions. You may not invest more than 50% of Your premiums in the Fixed Account.

The Policy is designed to provide You with permanent life insurance protection as long as You pay Your premiums for the premium payment period. After that, the Policy remains in force for the life of the Insured unless You choose to surrender Your Policy, or You borrow against it to an extent that causes it to lapse. Your choice of the payment period depends on how much life insurance coverage You want or need. In general, the longer that You pay Your premiums, the greater the life insurance coverage You will obtain per premium dollar. Thus, You will obtain the most initial coverage by purchasing ISPC-WL and the least initial coverage by purchasing ISPC-10 or ISP10 Express.

Upon the death of the Insured, the Policy’s death benefit will be paid to the named Beneficiary. The amount of the death benefit may increase above the Policy’s guaranteed minimum death benefit (known as the “Face Amount”) based upon the investment experience of the Subaccounts You select and the credited interest in the Fixed Account if chosen. However, We guarantee that the death benefit will not be less than the Policy’s Face Amount (the guaranteed minimum death benefit reduced by any outstanding Policy loans, accrued interest, partial surrenders and due and unpaid premiums).

The Subaccounts invest in corresponding Funds of the VIP Series or the Goldman Sachs Government

Money Market Fund. Each Fund is a professionally managed mutual fund with its own investment objectives, strategies and risks. The Fixed Account, which is part of Our General Account, bears interest at a fixed guaranteed minimum interest rate, plus any additional interest that, in Our sole discretion, We may declare. Your Cash Value (see “Cash Value”) and Variable Insurance Amount (see “The Variable Insurance Amount”) will fluctuate based on a number of factors including the performance of the Subaccounts You select and the proportion of Your Cash Value which You allocate to the Fixed Account.

You may change Your allocation of future additional premiums subject to certain limitations. You may also change the allocation of Cash Values among the Subaccounts, or among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, through Transfers of Cash Value, Automated Subaccount Reallocations, or Systematic Transfers. Changes to the allocations of Cash Values are subject to certain conditions and restrictions described elsewhere in this prospectus.

You may borrow up to 75% of the Policy Cash Value during the first three Policy Years and up to 90% of the Cash Value thereafter, if You assign Your Policy to Us as sole security. While the receipt of the principal of a Policy loan is generally not taxable, the loan amount may become taxable under certain circumstances.

You may also fully surrender the Policy at any time while the Insured is living. The amount payable will be the Cash Value less any outstanding loan balance, including any accrued loan interest (“Surrender Value”). A

surrender is a taxable event. You may surrender a portion of the Policy’s Cash Value on any Policy anniversary provided You meet Our requirements. Partial surrenders are not permitted if You have an outstanding Policy loan. Partial surrenders may have adverse tax consequences and will reduce the guaranteed minimum death benefit and the death benefit.

Subject to availability in Your state, We offered optional insurance riders to be elected at the time Your Policy was issued to add benefits to the Policy. You pay an additional premium amount for each rider and certain age, insurance underwriting requirements, limitations and restrictions apply. You may terminate a rider at any time and Your premium will be adjusted accordingly. Premiums for certain optional riders are not necessarily level for the term of the rider. See “Optional Insurance Riders” for further details.

POLICY RISKS

Because of the insurance costs, the Policy is not suitable for You unless You need life insurance. If You have no need for life insurance, You should consider a different type of investment.

The Policy involves a long-term commitment on Your part, and You should have the intention and financial ability to make the required premium payments. It is not suitable as a short-term savings vehicle.

The Policy is different from fixed-benefit life insurance because You bear the investment risks. The death benefit and Cash Value will increase or decrease as a result of the investment experience of the Subaccounts You select. However, the guaranteed minimum death benefit

is never reduced based on negative performance of the Subaccounts. We bear the investment risk that the Fixed Account will produce a return equal to at least principal plus the minimum guaranteed rate of return. Because You may allocate no more than 50% of Your net premiums to the Fixed Account, investing in the Fixed Account does not eliminate investment risks.

If You take a partial surrender from Your Policy, reduce the Face Amount of the Policy, eliminate a rider, or make any other material change to the Policy after it is issued, this may convert the Policy into a modified endowment contract ("MEC"). See "Federal Tax Information – Surrenders and Loans" for more information. This can have adverse tax consequences to You.

If You decide to take Policy loans, they may reduce the death benefit and Cash Value of Your Policy, whether or not You repay the loans, because loans may undermine the growth potential of Your Policy. While the receipt of the principal of a Policy loan is generally not taxable, it may be taxable if the loan is outstanding when the Policy is surrendered, exchanged, lapsed or converted to continued insurance, or the Policy has been converted into a MEC. A Policy loan may also cause a Policy to terminate if the Cash Value of the Policy falls below the total amount borrowed due to fluctuation in the values of the Subaccounts selected or other factors. In such case, the entire amount of the loan is immediately taxable to the extent it exceeds Your basis in the Policy. Your Policy may lapse if you fail to pay Your premiums or Your loan balance exceeds the Cash Value. However, if You do not elect one

of the continued insurance options, We will automatically purchase continued insurance with the Policy's Cash Value. This may delay but not avoid the lapse of Your Policy.

GENERAL ACCOUNT RISK

The assets of the General Account support Our insurance obligations and are subject to general liabilities from Our business operations and to claims by Our general creditors. Amounts allocated to the Fixed Account, and any guarantees under Your Policy that exceed Your Accumulation Value (such as those that may be associated with the death benefit), are paid from the General Account. Any such amounts that We are obligated to pay in excess of Your Accumulation Value are subject to Our financial strength and claims-paying ability.

How to Obtain More Information. We encourage Policyowners to read and understand Our financial statements. Our audited financial statements, as well as the audited financial statements of the Separate Account, are located in the Statement of Additional Information. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENTS" for instructions on how to obtain the Statement of Additional Information free of charge.

RISKS OF THE FUNDS

You bear the investment risk of the Funds underlying the Subaccounts You select. The investment objectives, principal investment strategies, and principal risks of the Funds are described in the Fund prospectuses. There is no guarantee that any of the Funds will achieve its stated investment objective.

FEE TABLES

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that You will pay when buying, owning and surrendering the Policy. The cost of insurance charges and optional rider premiums shown may not be representative of what You will pay because these charges are based on the Insured's age, sex and underwriting class. Your Policy will be accompanied by an illustration based on Your actual annual premium and guaranteed minimum death benefit as determined by the Insured's age, sex, underwriting classification, payment frequency and optional riders selected.

The table below describes the transaction fees and expenses that You will pay under the Policy, depending upon which premium payment period is chosen. The minimum charge indicated is based on the lowest rate for Our representative non-tobacco underwriting class. The maximum charge indicated is based on the highest possible charge at issue for our non-standard underwriting class (unless otherwise specified) up to Our maximum issue age for this class. The standard charge indicated is based upon Our representative Insured, a male age 35 in Our standard non-tobacco underwriting class at the time the Policy is issued.

Transaction Fees and Other Charges and Expenses							
Charge	When Charge is Deducted ⁽¹⁾	Amount Deducted					
Maximum Premium Charge Percentage Imposed on Premiums (the Load) Percentage of Premium less Policy Charge	Upon each premium payment	Year(s)	ISPC-10	ISPC-20	ISPC-65	ISPC-WL	ISP10 Express
		1	33.5%	33.5%	33.5%	33.5%	33.5%
		2 to 5	11.5%	11.5%	11.5%	10.5%	11.5%
		6 and beyond ⁽²⁾	8.5%	8.5%	8.5%	7.5%	8.5%
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge	Not Charged	NONE					
Other Surrender Fees	Not Charged	NONE					
Transfer Fees ⁽³⁾ (Limit of 6 transfers per Policy Year)	On 5th and 6th transfer	\$10					

Transaction Fees and Other Charges and Expenses (continued)

Charge	When Charge is Deducted ⁽¹⁾	Amount Deducted					
Maximum Systematic Transfer Option Transfer Fee and Automated Subaccount Reallocation Transfer Fee	Upon transfer under the Systematic Transfer Option or Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option	\$10 ⁽⁴⁾					
Maximum First Year Charge	Upon payment of first year premium	\$5 per \$1,000 of Face Amount					
Maximum Policy Charge	Upon each premium payment		ISPC-10	ISPC-20	ISPC-65	ISPC-WL	ISP10 Express
			\$85	\$85	\$85	\$65	\$85
Modal Premium Charge ⁽⁵⁾	Upon each premium payment	Annual: 0.000000 Semi-annual: 0.009996 Quarterly: 0.024273 Monthly: 0.039196					
Optional Rider Premiums	Upon each premium payment		ISPC-10	ISPC-20	ISPC-65	ISPC-WL	ISP10 Express
Waiver of Premium		As % of Total Premium					
		Minimum	0.09%	0.13%	0.64%	0.87%	0.09%
		Maximum	3.11%	4.93%	1.81%	5.46%	3.11%
		Representative case ⁽⁷⁾	0.23%	0.49%	1.08%	1.68%	0.23%
Accidental Death ⁽⁶⁾	Upon each premium payment	Per \$1,000 Face Amount of Rider					
		Minimum	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$1.00	\$1.00	\$1.50
		Maximum	\$2.00	\$1.75	\$1.50	\$1.50	\$2.00
		Representative case ⁽⁷⁾	\$1.75	\$1.50	\$1.25	\$1.00	\$1.75
Children's Term Life Insurance Rider (Not available on ISPC-10 or ISP10 Express)	Upon each premium payment	Per \$1,000 Face Amount of Rider					
		Minimum	N/A	\$5.25	\$5.25	\$5.25	N/A
		Maximum	N/A	\$5.25	\$5.25	\$5.25	N/A
Spouse's Term Life Insurance Rider (Not available on ISPC-10 or ISP10 Express)	Upon each premium payment	Per \$1,000 Face Amount of Rider					
		Minimum	N/A	\$0.62	\$0.62	\$0.62	N/A
		Maximum	N/A	\$15.70	\$10.25	\$15.70	N/A

Transaction Fees and Other Charges and Expenses (continued)

Charge	When Charge is Deducted ⁽¹⁾	Amount Deducted					
10 Year Level Term Insurance Rider (Not available on ISP10 Express)	Upon each premium payment	Per \$1,000 Face Amount of Rider					
		Minimum	\$0.67	\$0.67	\$0.67	\$0.67	N/A
		Maximum	\$43.47	\$43.47	\$25.87	\$43.47	N/A
		Representative case ⁽⁷⁾	\$2.70	\$2.70	\$2.70	\$2.70	N/A
20 Year Level Term Insurance Rider (Not available on ISPC-10 or ISP10 Express)	Upon each premium payment	Per \$1,000 Face Amount of Rider					
		Minimum	N/A	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.66	N/A
		Maximum	N/A	\$67.24	\$17.44	\$67.24	N/A
		Representative case ⁽⁷⁾	N/A	\$2.82	\$2.82	\$2.82	N/A

(1) The table assumes that premiums are paid at issue and then on each Policy anniversary. If You pay Your premium on an installment basis over the course of a Policy Year, the charges, which are premium-based, will be prorated over those payments.

(2) The Policy allows You to select the period of time over which You will pay premiums. The transaction fees and other charges and expenses shown in the table apply to all premium payment periods unless specifically noted. There are four premium payment period options available. In the case of ISP CHOICE-10 and ISP10 Express You pay premiums for 10 years, in the case of ISP CHOICE-20 You pay premiums for 20 years, in the case of ISP CHOICE-65 You pay premiums until You reach age 65 and in the case of ISP CHOICE-Whole Life You pay premiums until You reach age 100.

(3) We charge a \$10 fee for transfers in excess of four per Policy Year including those involving the Fixed Account.

(4) Currently, transfers made under these options are not subject to any fee and are not included in the yearly transfer count for purposes of determining whether a transfer fee applies.

(5) If you elect to pay Premiums at more frequent intervals than annually, there is a Modal Premium Charge. We calculate this charge by multiplying the Premium, less any Extra Premium, less the Policy Charge by the Modal Premium Percentage shown in the Policy Schedule and subtract this charge from your Premium when received. If you pay your Premiums on an annual basis, the Modal Premium Charge is zero.

(6) The benefit issued may not exceed \$200,000 less all of the Insured's accidental death benefit coverage in all other insurance companies.

(7) The Representative case is based on Our Representative Insured. This is a male, age 35 at the time the Policy is issued, and is in Our standard non-tobacco underwriting class. The guaranteed maximum premiums are shown.

The next table describes the fees and expenses that We may deduct from Your Cash Value periodically over the life of the Policy(ies). These fees and expenses do not include operating fees and expenses of the Funds.

Periodic Charges Other Than Fund Operating Expenses								
Charge	When Charge is Deducted	Amount Deducted						
Cost of Insurance ⁽¹⁾	Last Day of Policy Year and/or Upon Surrender ⁽²⁾		ISPC-10	ISPC-20	ISPC-65	ISPC-WL	ISP10-Express	
		Minimum ⁽³⁾	\$0.18 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk (NAR)		\$0.43 per \$1,000 NAR		\$0.18 per \$1,000 of net amount at risk (NAR)	
		Maximum ⁽³⁾	\$1,000 per \$1,000 NAR					
		Representative Case ⁽⁴⁾	\$1.12 per \$1,000 NAR					
Mortality and Expense Risks Charge	Daily	Effective Annual Rate of Your Subaccount Value	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	1.50%	
Net Policy Loan Interest	Policy Anniversary	2% of the outstanding loan ⁽⁵⁾						
Income Tax Charge ⁽⁶⁾	Not charged	None deducted						

(1) Your cost of insurance charges will be determined by the insurance rates applicable to Your Policy based upon the Insured's age, sex, Underwriting Class of Risk, as well as the net amount at risk (NAR). As a result, the charges disclosed above may not be representative of the charges You will actually pay. You may obtain more information about the charges You will incur by contacting Your representative. The NAR under a Policy is equal to the Policy's guaranteed minimum death benefit, plus the Variable Insurance Amount, minus the Cash Value. The NAR may decrease or increase each year depending on the investment experience of the Subaccount(s) and/or the Fixed Account selected.

(2) If the Total Benefit Base at the end of the first Policy Year is less than the cost of insurance due, the balance will be included in the cost of insurance charged on the last day of the following Policy Year.

(3) The minimum charge reflects the annual cost of insurance rate per \$1000 of NAR for a female, age 5 for ISPC-10, ISP10 Express and ISPC-20 and a female, nonsmoker, age 18 for ISPC-65 and ISPC-WL. The maximum charge reflects the annual cost of insurance rate per \$1000 of NAR for all rating classifications at age 120.

The maximum first year cost of insurance charge based on the maximum issue age for the Policy is equal to \$17.41 per \$1000 of NAR for ISPC-10, ISP10 Express and ISPC-20, \$10.10 per \$1000 of NAR for ISPC-65 and \$17.41 per \$1000 of NAR for ISPC-WL.

(4) The representative case is based on Our representative Insured. This is a male, age 35 at the time the Policy is issued and is in Our standard non-tobacco underwriting class. There is no difference in the cost of insurance between the standard and non-standard class. The charge indicated is the maximum rate We can deduct for the first year cost of insurance charge.

(5) The Policy loan interest rate is 6%. However, because We transfer from the Separate Account to Our General Account an amount equal to the amount of the loan, while the loan is unpaid, We credit You into Your chosen Subaccount(s) interest at an effective annual rate of 4% for the amount maintained in the General Account. As a result, the net interest rate as a cost to You is 2%.

(6) We reserve the right to impose this charge if We incur taxes attributable to Separate Account B.

The next table below describes the range of fees and expenses for the Funds that You will indirectly pay during the time that You own the Policy. The table shows the minimum and maximum Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses as of December 31, 2020. These expenses may be higher or lower in the future. More detail concerning each Fund's fees and expenses is contained in the accompanying prospectus for the Funds.

Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses		
	Minimum	Maximum
Range of expenses that are deducted from Fund assets, including management fees and other expenses.	0.21%	1.06%

WHO WE ARE AND HOW TO CONTACT US

Nassau Life Insurance Company

NNY, with its home office at One American Row, Hartford, Connecticut 06103, is a stock life insurance company organized under the laws of the State of New York. NNY is authorized to conduct life and annuity business in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands. The statutory home office of NNY is located at 15 Tech Valley Drive, East Greenbush, New York 12061.

NNY is part of Nassau Financial Group L.P. (the “Nassau Group”). NNY has been operating as an insurance company since 1851. It was acquired by the Nassau Group in 2016. Other affiliates of NNY include 1851 Securities, Inc. (or hereafter “1851”), which is the principal underwriter for the Policies, and the Nassau Companies of New York, which provides administrative services for the Policies.

Prior to July 8, 2020, the issuer of the Policy was Foresters Life Insurance and Annuity Company (“FLIAC”). As previously disclosed, NNY entered into an agreement with FLIAC whereby NNY would purchase FLIAC. The acquisition of FLIAC by NNY was completed on July 1, 2020. Following the acquisition, on July 8, 2020, FLIAC merged with and into NNY, with NNY as the surviving company (the “Merger”). Upon completion of the Merger, FLIAC’s corporate existence ceased by operation of law. As the surviving company, NNY assumed all the rights, duties and obligations of FLIAC, including those related to

the Separate Account. The Separate Account became a separate account of NNY. NNY assumed legal ownership of the assets of the Separate Account and responsibility for the liabilities and obligations of all outstanding Policies. The Merger did not affect the terms of, or the rights and obligations under, the Policies other than to change the insurance company that provides Policy benefits from FLIAC to NNY. The Policies continue to be funded by the Separate Account. Policy values did not change as a result of the Merger. No additional charges were imposed and no deductions were made as a result of the Merger. The Merger did not have any tax consequences for Policyowners.

For information or service concerning a Policy, You may contact Us in writing at Our Administrative Office at P.O. Box 22012, Albany, New York 12201 (or 15 Tech Valley Drive, Suite 201, East Greenbush, New York 12061 for overnight mailings). You may also call Us at 1-800-832-7783 between the hours of 9:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M., Eastern Time, or fax Us at 1-321-400-6316. You may also contact Us through Our website at www.nfg.com.

You should send any payments, notices, elections or requests (including requests for Fund prospectuses), as well as any other documentation that We require for any purpose in connection with Your Policy, to Our Administrative Office.

No payment, notice, election, request or documentation will be treated as having been “received” by Us until We have actually received it, as well as any related forms and items that We

require, all in complete and Good Order (i.e., in form and substance acceptable to Us) at Our Administrative Office. To meet Our requirements for processing transactions, We may require that You use Our forms. We will notify You and provide You with an address if We designate another office for receipt of information, payments and documents.

Separate Account B

We issue the Policies described in this prospectus through Our Separate Account B. We established Separate Account B on June 4, 1985, under the provisions of the New York Insurance Law. Separate Account B is registered with the SEC as a unit investment trust under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”).

We segregate the assets of Separate Account B from the assets in Our general account (the “General Account”). The assets of Separate Account B fall into two categories: (1) assets equal to Our reserves and other liabilities under the Policies and (2) additional assets derived from expenses that We charge to Separate Account B. The assets equal to Our reserves and liabilities support the Policy. We cannot use these assets to satisfy any of Our other liabilities. The assets We derive from Our charges do not support the Policy, and We can transfer these assets in cash to Our General Account. Before making a transfer, We will consider any possible adverse impact that the transfer may have on Separate Account B.

All the income, gains and losses (realized or unrealized) allocated to Separate Account B are credited to or charged against Separate Account B

without regard to Our other business. We are obligated to pay all amounts promised to Policyowners under the Policies even if these amounts exceed the assets in Separate Account B. Assets allocated to Separate Account B support the benefits under the Policy. The assets are in turn invested by each Subaccount of Separate Account B into a corresponding Fund at net asset value. Therefore, We own the shares of the underlying Funds, not You.

Each Subaccount reinvests any distributions it receives from a Fund by purchasing additional shares of the distributing Fund at net asset value. Accordingly, We do not expect to pay You any capital distributions from the Policies.

The Fixed Account

The Fixed Account is not part of Separate Account B. It is part of Our General Account. The General Account consists of all assets owned by Us, other than those in Separate Account B or in any other legally segregated separate accounts. The assets of the General Account support Our insurance obligations and are subject to general liabilities from Our business operations and to claims by Our general creditors. The assets of the General Account can be invested as We choose, subject to certain legal requirements. We guarantee that any assets that You choose to allocate to the Fixed Account will earn at least the minimum effective annual interest rate associated with Your Policy. For Policies sold on or after October 1, 2012, the minimum effective annual interest rate is 3%. For Policies sold prior to October 1, 2012, the minimum effective annual interest rate is 4%.

We may, but are not required to, declare interest in excess of this rate (“excess interest”). In the event that We declare excess interest, We are not required to guarantee that it will remain in effect for any specific period of time. Therefore, We may reduce or eliminate such excess interest at any time without prior notice to You. However any excess interest already credited to Your account is non-forfeitable. You do not share in any gains or losses that We experience in the Fixed Account or Our General Account. We bear the entire risk that the investments in Our General Account may not achieve the minimum guaranteed or declared rates of return.

Amounts allocated to the Fixed Account, and any guarantees under Your Policy that exceed Your Policy Cash Value (such as those that may be associated with the death benefit), are paid from the General Account. Any such amounts that We are obligated to pay in excess of Your Policy Cash Value are subject to Our financial strength and claims-paying ability. The Fixed Account is not registered under the Securities Act of 1933. Moreover, neither the Fixed Account nor the General Account is registered as an investment company under the 1940 Act. Disclosures regarding the Fixed Account, however, are subject to certain generally applicable provisions of the federal securities laws relating to the accuracy and completeness of statements made in the prospectus.

The Funds

Each of the Subaccounts available under the Policy invests in a corresponding Fund. The VIP Series and the Goldman Sachs Variable Insurance Trust are open-end management

investment companies registered with the SEC under the 1940 Act. The VIP Series consists of a variety of separate series, ten (10) of which are available to Policyowners. The Goldman Sachs Variable Insurance Trust also consists of a variety of separate series, of which the Goldman Sachs Government Money Market Fund is available to Policyowners. Each of the Funds offers its shares only through the purchase of a Policy or another variable life or variable annuity contract issued by NNY or by other insurance companies. The VIP Series and the Goldman Sachs Government Money Market Fund reserve the right to offer shares to other separate accounts or directly to Us.

The Funds are selected to provide a range of investment options from conservative to more aggressive investment strategies. Delaware Management Company (“DMC”), a series of Macquarie Investment Management Business Trust (a Delaware statutory trust), is the investment adviser of the VIP Series. DMC has retained Smith Asset Management Group, L.P. to serve as subadviser of the Delaware VIP Growth Equity Series. In addition, DMC may seek investment advice, recommendations and/or allow security trades on its behalf for Funds in the VIP Series by certain of its affiliates which have specialized market knowledge in relevant areas and which it has engaged as a subadvisor to Funds in the VIP Series. These affiliated subadvisors include, Macquarie Investment Management Austria Kapitalanlage AG with respect to the Delaware VIP Fund For Income Series, Delaware VIP Limited Duration Bond Series, Delaware

VIP Total Return Series and Delaware VIP Investment Grade Series; Macquarie Investment Management Global Limited with respect to the Delaware VIP Fund For Income Series, Delaware VIP Equity Income Series, Delaware VIP Growth and Income Series, Delaware VIP Opportunity Series, Delaware VIP Limited Duration Bond Series, Delaware VIP Special Situations Series, Delaware VIP International Series, Delaware VIP Total Return Series and Delaware VIP Investment Grade Series; Macquarie Investment Management Europe Limited with respect to the Delaware VIP Fund For Income Series, Delaware VIP Limited Duration Bond Series, and Delaware VIP Investment Grade Series; Macquarie Funds Management Hong Kong Limited with respect to the Delaware VIP Opportunity Series, Delaware VIP Special Situations Series, and Delaware VIP International Series. Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P. serves as the investment adviser to the Goldman Sachs Government Money Market Fund. See the Fund prospectuses for more information about the investment advisers and subadvisers.

Although some of the Funds may have similar names, the same portfolio manager(s) and the same investment objectives as other publicly available mutual funds, they are separate and distinct from these mutual funds. The

Funds will have different portfolio holdings and fees so their performances will vary from the other mutual funds.

The following table includes the investment objective for each Fund that is available under the Policy. There is no guarantee that any of the Funds will achieve its stated objective. There is a Subaccount with a similar name as its corresponding underlying Fund. The following table also identifies the Subaccount that corresponds with each Fund. You bear the entire investment risks of the Funds You select through the corresponding Subaccounts. The degree of investment risk You assume will depend on the Subaccounts (and the underlying Funds they invest in) You select. You should consider Your allocations carefully. The investment objectives, principal investment strategies, principal risks and management of the Funds are described in the accompanying Fund prospectuses, which You should read carefully before investing. **You may obtain a prospectus for a Fund by writing to Our Administrative Office at P.O. Box 22012, Albany, New York 12201(or 15 Tech Valley Drive, Suite 201, East Greenbush, New York 12061 for overnight mailings), calling Us at 1-800-832-7783 between the hours of 9:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M., Eastern Time, or faxing Us at 1-321-400-6316.**

Subaccount	Fund	Investment Objective
Equity Income Subaccount	Delaware VIP Equity Income Series	Total return.
Fund For Income Growth and Income Subaccount	Delaware VIP Fund For Delaware VIP Growth and Income Series	High current income. Long-term growth of capital and current income.
International Subaccount	Delaware VIP International Series	Long-term capital growth.
Investment Grade Subaccount	Delaware VIP Investment Grade Series	A maximum level of income consistent with investment primarily in investment grade debt securities.
Limited Duration Bond Subaccount	Delaware VIP Limited Duration Bond Series	Current income consistent with low volatility of principal.
Opportunity Subaccount	Delaware VIP Opportunity Series	Long-term capital growth.
Growth Equity Subaccount	Delaware VIP Growth Equity Series	Long-term growth of capital.
Special Situations Subaccount	Delaware VIP Special Situations Series	Long-term growth of capital.
Total Return Subaccount	Delaware VIP Total Return Series	Sustainable current income with potential for capital appreciation with moderate investment risk.
Government Money Market Subaccount	Goldman Sachs Government Money Market Fund	Maximize current income to the extent consistent with the preservation of capital and the maintenance of liquidity by investing exclusively in high quality money market instruments.

HOW THE POLICY WORKS

The Policy is described as “variable” because the amount of Your death benefit, Cash Value and loan value (the amount You can borrow) may increase or decrease depending on, among other things, the investment performance of the Subaccount(s) You select. You bear the entire investment risk with respect to that portion of the Policy’s Cash Value which is allocated to the Separate Account B Subaccounts. We bear the investment risk with respect to that portion of the Policy’s Cash Value which is allocated to the Fixed Account. We also guarantee that the death benefit will never be less than the Face Amount (adjusted for Policy loans, accrued loan interest and any partial surrenders), if You pay all of Your premiums.

The following discussion describes how the Policy works. It generally assumes that premiums have been duly paid and there have been no Policy loans. The death benefit and Cash Value are affected if premiums are not duly paid or if a Policy loan is made.

POLICY APPLICATION PROCESS

To purchase a Policy, You must submit a completed life insurance application to Us and provide Us with evidence of insurability that is satisfactory to Us. Before issuing a Policy, We conduct underwriting to determine the proposed Insured’s insurability.

For ISPC-20, ISPC-65 and ISPC-WL, We conduct standard underwriting. Standard underwriting may include, but is not limited to, the testing of blood and urine, a physical

examination, communication with the proposed Insured's physician or other tests We feel are necessary or appropriate. The amount of information We require for standard underwriting depends on the proposed Insured's age and the amount of insurance for which the proposed Insured has applied.

For ISP10 Express We conduct non-medical underwriting. Non-medical underwriting bases the insurability decision on the following information: Parts I and II of the Application for Life Insurance, a report from MIB, Inc. (formerly known as the Medical Information Bureau), a report from the Department of Motor Vehicles and a report from a pharmacy database. All ISP10 Express applications are underwritten on this non-medical basis which generally results in shorter underwriting time and faster Policy issue. However, because We do not obtain as much information as We do under Our standard underwriting criteria, the ISP10 Express Policy option has higher charges than would otherwise be the case if We had used Our standard underwriting procedures.

We assume a greater mortality risk with ISP10 Express than the other Policy options due to the non-medical underwriting procedure.

The mortality risk that We assume is that the Insured will live for a shorter time than We estimated or the guaranteed minimum death benefit will be payable regardless of the performance of the Funds. If Your application is accepted, We will credit Your Policy with the initial net premium on the date that the Policy is issued. Until such time, Your initial premium

is held in the General Account, during which time it may earn interest. If a Policy is not issued, We will return Your premium without interest. We reserve the right to reject any application for any reason, including but not limited to failure to meet Our underwriting criteria. The Insured will be covered under the Policy as of the Policy's issue date.

PREMIUMS

Premium Payment Period Choice

The Policy premiums are "level" because You pay the same amount each year for the premium payment period. The premium payment period is 10 years for ISPC-10 and ISP10 Express, 20 years for ISPC-20, through Your attained age 64 for ISPC-65 and through Your attained age 99 for ISPC-Whole Life. Once You select Your premium payment period (i.e., the number of years that premiums must be paid), the period is fixed. It cannot be changed by You or Us. Nor can the amount of the premium be changed (except as noted below under "The Frequency of Your Payments" and "Optional Insurance Riders"). After You have made the scheduled payments for the premium payment period, the Policy will stay in force for the life of the Insured unless You decide to surrender it or You borrow against it to the extent that it lapses. When referring to the life of the Insured, We mean up to a maximum age of 120.

In determining which payment period option to select, 10 years, 20 years, until 65, or Whole Life, You should consider a number of factors, including the amount of coverage that You want. For any single insured, the amount of coverage available will increase with

the length of the payment period. For example, an ISPC-Whole Life Policy will produce a larger guaranteed minimum death benefit per dollar of premium than an ISPC-10 Policy. Of course, the payment period is longer.

The following example demonstrates premium amount and amount of insurance for the four premium payment period options where the Insured is a standard issue, 35 year old non-smoking male.

Male – Standard Issue Non-Smoker Age 35	ISP CHOICE-10	ISP CHOICE-20	ISP CHOICE-65	ISP CHOICE-WL	ISP10 Express
\$50,000 Face Amount will cost	\$1,540.50 Annual Premium	\$944.50 Annual Premium	\$766.50 Annual Premium	\$632.00 Annual Premium	\$1,540.50 Annual Premium
\$1,000 Annual Premium will buy	\$31,929 Face Amount	\$53,229 Face Amount	\$67,132 Face Amount	\$82,452 Face Amount	\$31,929 Face Amount

The Amount of Your Premiums

The premium You pay is determined by the premium payment period You choose (ISPC-10, ISP10 Express, ISPC-20, ISPC-65, or ISPC-Whole Life), the amount of guaranteed minimum death benefit, the underwriting classification of the Insured and the frequency of the premium payments. We cannot increase this premium amount. However, there is an additional premium charge if You ask Us to accept Your premiums on other than an annual basis (see “Premium Payment Mode”).

For ISPC-10, there is a \$600 minimum annual premium payment requirement for all issue ages (which does not include additional premiums for any riders that You may select). For ISPC-20, ISPC-65 and ISPC-Whole Life, there is a \$25,000 minimum Face Amount requirement. For ISP10 Express there is a \$25,000 minimum Face Amount and a \$750 minimum annual premium payment requirement for all issue ages (which does not include additional premiums for any riders You may select). In addition, ISP10 Express has a maximum Face Amount of \$150,000.

In setting premium rates, We took into consideration actuarial estimates of projected death and surrender benefit payments, lapses, expenses, investment returns, and a contribution to Our surplus.

The Frequency of Your Payments

You pay premiums under a Policy for the premium payment period. Premium payments are due on or before the due dates at Our Administrative Office. If You pay early, We will place Your premium payment in Our General Account and, on the day that it is due, We will allocate the premium to the Subaccount(s) that You have selected. You may choose to pay Your premiums on a semi-annual, quarterly or monthly basis. If You do so, You will be subject to an additional charge. As a result, Your premium amounts will be higher, but the net amount allocated to Subaccounts will not increase by the entire amount the premium increases. You may only pay premiums monthly if You authorize Us to electronically deduct premiums from Your bank account (“Lifeline”). We are not liable for any bank charges You may incur if You fail to maintain a sufficient

balance in Your bank account to pay the premiums. To change the frequency of Your premium payment, You must notify Us prior to Your next premium due date, which coincides with the new frequency premium due date. We will then recompute Your premium amount and bill You accordingly.

PREMIUM LOANS TO PAY PREMIUMS

You may elect in the application or in a written request to Our Administrative Office to have any premium due (except for the initial premium) paid by an automatic loan against the Policy. Under the automatic premium loan provision, any premium not paid before the end of the grace period (31 days after a missed premium due date) is paid by an automatic loan against the Policy.

You may elect the automatic loan provision only if Your premium is not in default and the resulting Policy loan and loan interest to the next premium due date does not exceed the maximum loan value of Your Policy (see “Policy Loans”). If You do not resume paying premiums, the loans will continue to be used to pay Your premiums as they become due. This could eventually cause Your Policy to lapse, which could have adverse tax and other consequences. You may revoke the automatic premium loan provision at any time by written request. The revocation is effective when We receive it at Our Administrative Office.

ALLOCATION OF NET PREMIUMS TO INVESTMENT OPTIONS

When You purchase a Policy, You select the percentage allocation of Your premium to the Subaccounts of Separate

Account B and/or the Fixed Account.

Your allocations are subject to the following constraints:

1. Allocation percentages must be in whole numbers;
2. Allocation percentages must add to 100%; and
3. The allocation percentage for the Fixed Account may not exceed 50%.

Subsequent premiums will be allocated according to Your allocation percentages on file, unless You request a change in Your allocation percentages. A change in the allocation percentages for future premiums will affect reallocations occurring under the Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option. See “Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option” for additional information.

The net premium is credited to Your Policy on the Policy’s issue date and on each premium due date thereafter, whether or not You have paid a premium by its due date. Your net premiums buy units of the Subaccounts and not shares of the Funds in which the Subaccounts invest.

Reallocating Your Policy Assets

Subject to the restrictions discussed below, You may change the allocation of Your Net Benefit Base (the value of the Subaccount Benefit Base plus the Fixed Account Benefit Base) among the Subaccounts, or among the Subaccounts and the Fixed Account, through a Transfer of Net Benefit Base by written notice, participation in Our Systematic Transfer Option, participation in Our Automated

Subaccount Reallocation Option or by telephone. Only the Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option or the Systematic Transfer Option, but not both, may be in effect at the same time.

Transfer of Net Benefit Base

You may transfer all or a portion of the Net Benefit Base between any two or more of the Subaccounts, or between one or more Subaccounts and the Fixed Account by providing Us with written notice of your request or by calling (800) 832-7783. There is a limit of six transfers between two or more Subaccounts in any 12-month period. Only one transfer of the Net Benefit Base either to or from the Fixed Account is allowed in any 12-month period. The minimum transfer amount is \$100. Each transfer from the Fixed Account is limited to the greater of \$1,000 or 25% of the Fixed Account Benefit Base (the value of the assets allocated to the Fixed Account). Each transfer to the Fixed Account may not be more than the amount that would cause the ratio of the Fixed Account Benefit Base to the Net Benefit Base to exceed 50%.

We charge a \$10 fee for transfers in excess of four per Policy Year, including those involving the Fixed Account. A transfer of Net Benefit Base made while the Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option is in effect automatically terminates the Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option. Requests for transfers are processed as of the Business Day We receive them, as described in "Processing Transactions". We may defer transfers under the conditions described under "Payment and Deferment".

Telephone Transfer Option

You may make transfers of Net Benefit Base as described above via telephone by calling (800) 832-7783. You will be required to provide certain information for identification purposes when requesting a transaction by telephone and we may record your telephone call. We may require written confirmation of your request.

We will not be liable for losses resulting from telephone requests that we believe are genuine. We reserve the right to revoke or limit your telephone transaction privileges. Telephone privileges may be denied to market timers and frequent or disruptive traders.

We cannot guarantee that telephone transactions will always be available. For example, there may be interruptions in service beyond our control such as weather-related emergencies.

Systematic Transfer Option

You may request that a specified dollar amount be transferred from any one or more Subaccounts (the "originating Account(s)") to any one or more other Subaccounts (the "receiving Account(s)") at monthly or quarterly intervals, as selected. The first such systematic transfer occurs on the first Business Day of the Policy Month or Policy Quarter (successive one-month and three-month periods, respectively, measured from the issue date) that next follows the date We receive Your request. Transfers under this option may not be designated either to or from the Fixed Account. The minimum amount that may be transferred either from or to any one Account is \$100. All transferred amounts must be specified in whole dollars.

The Systematic Transfer Option will terminate as to an originating Account if and when that Account is depleted. Such termination as to one originating Account will not have the effect of increasing any amounts thereafter transferred from other originating Accounts under the Systematic Transfer Option. Currently, transfers made under this option are not subject to any fee and are not included in the yearly transfer count for purposes of determining whether a transfer fee applies, see “Transfer of Net Benefit Base” above. However, We reserve the right to impose a charge in the future for this option not to exceed \$10. The Systematic Transfer Option terminates if and when the Benefit Base remaining in all of the originating accounts is depleted. We may terminate this option or modify Our rules governing this option at Our discretion by giving you 31 days written notice.

Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option

If You request, We will automatically reallocate the Subaccount Benefit Base at quarterly intervals according to the most recent premium allocation instructions on file with Us. The first such reallocation will occur on the first Business Day of the Policy Quarter that next follows the date on which We receive Your request.

Upon reallocation, the amount of Net Benefit Base allocated to each Subaccount is equal to (a) multiplied by (b), where:

(a) Is equal to:

1. The allocation percentage You have specified for that Subaccount; divided by

2. The sum of the allocation percentages for all such Subaccounts; and,

(b) Is equal to the sum of the Benefit Bases in all of the Subaccounts at the time of the reallocation.

Any requested changes in Your premium allocation instructions are reflected in the next quarterly reallocation following the change. The reallocation will only affect the allocation of Benefit Bases among the Subaccounts. It will not affect the Fixed Account Benefit Base. Reallocation transfers of Subaccount Benefit Base made under this option are not subject to the minimum transfer amount described under “Transfer of Net Benefit Base”. Currently, transfers made under this option are not subject to any fee and are not included in the yearly transfer count for purposes of determining whether a transfer fee applies. However, We reserve the right to impose a charge for this option in the future not to exceed \$10.

A transfer of Net Benefit Base made while this Automated Subaccount Reallocation Option is in effect automatically terminates the option. You may subsequently re-elect this option by providing Us with notice. We may terminate or modify Our rules governing this option by giving You 31 days written notice.

Our Policies on Frequent Reallocations Among Subaccounts

The Policy is designed for long-term insurance/investment purposes. It is not intended to provide a vehicle for frequent trading or market timing. We therefore limit reallocations to six per Policy Year (not counting systematic and automated reallocations). We apply this limitation uniformly to all Policies.

We monitor Subaccount reallocations in an effort to prevent Policyowners from exceeding the annual limit on reallocations. We cannot guarantee that Our monitoring efforts will be effective in identifying or preventing all market timing or frequent trading activity in the Subaccounts.

We will only accept a transaction request that is in writing or made by telephone, and complies with our requirements for such requests. We will not accept transaction requests by any other means, including but not limited to, facsimile or e-mail requests. As described in the Fund prospectuses, the Funds have policies and procedures to detect and prevent frequent trading and reject, without any prior notice, any purchase or exchange transaction if the Funds believe that the transaction is part of a market timing strategy. In order to protect Policyowners and to comply with the underlying Funds' policies, it is Our Policy to reject any reallocation request, without any prior notice, that appears to be part of a market timing strategy based upon the holding period of the investment, the amount of the investment being exchanged, and the Subaccounts involved.

The Risks to Policyowners of Frequent Reallocations

To the extent that Our policies are not successful in detecting and preventing frequent trading in the Subaccounts, frequent trading may: (a) interfere with the efficient management of the underlying Funds by, among other things, causing the underlying Funds to hold extra cash or to sell securities to meet redemptions; (b) increase

portfolio turnover, brokerage expenses, and administrative costs; and (c) harm the performance of the Funds, particularly for long-term shareholders who do not engage in frequent trading. These risks may in turn adversely affect Policyowners who invest in the Funds through Our Subaccounts.

In the case of the Subaccounts that invest indirectly in high-yield bonds and stocks of small and/or mid-sized companies, the risk of frequent trading includes the risk that investors may attempt to take advantage of the fact that these securities may trade infrequently and therefore their prices may be slow to react to information. This could cause dilution in the value of the shares held by other shareholders.

In the case of the Subaccounts that invest indirectly in foreign securities, the risks of frequent trading include the risk of time zone arbitrage. Time zone arbitrage occurs when shareholders attempt to take advantage of the fact that the valuation of foreign securities held by a Fund may not reflect information or events that have occurred after the close of the foreign markets on which such securities principally trade but before the close of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE"). This could cause dilution in the value of the shares held by other shareholders.

THE DEATH BENEFIT

The death benefit is the amount We pay to the named Beneficiary at the death of the Insured. It is the sum of the guaranteed minimum death benefit plus, if positive, a Variable Insurance Amount that is based upon the performance of the Subaccounts selected and the amount we have credited to You in the Fixed Account. We increase the death benefit to reflect (1) any insurance on the life of the Insured added by a rider and (2) any premium paid that applies to a period of time after the Insured's death. We reduce the death benefit to reflect (1) any outstanding Policy loan and loan interest, (2) any unpaid premium that applies to a period before the Insured's death and (3) partial surrenders. The death benefit is reduced pro rata for partial surrenders, as discussed later.

Generally, We pay the death benefit within seven days after We receive all claim requirements in a form satisfactory to Us at Our Administrative Office. If no settlement option is elected, We pay interest on death benefit proceeds from the date of death until We pay the death benefit.

There are several settlement options available, as discussed later. The Policyowner may reserve the right to change any selected settlement option prior to the Insured's death. Thereafter, if the Policyowner did not make an election, the Beneficiary may apply the proceeds to one of the settlement options. We must receive an election of, or a change to, a settlement option in writing at Our Administrative Office in a form acceptable to Us.

Face Amount - The Guaranteed Minimum Death Benefit

We guarantee that the death benefit on Your Policy will never be less than the Policy's Face Amount, which is the guaranteed minimum death benefit (reduced for loans and partial surrenders). During the first Policy Year, the death benefit is equal to the guaranteed minimum death benefit. Thereafter, We determine the death benefit on each Policy anniversary for the next Policy Year by adjusting the death benefit by the change in the Variable Insurance Amount on the Policy anniversary. This is the death benefit payable if the Insured dies during the following Policy Year. In the event of a loan or partial surrender, the Face Amount is reduced (see "Policy Loans" and "Policy Surrenders" for more information).

We allocate assets to Our General Account to accumulate as a reserve for the contingency that the Insured will die when the guaranteed minimum death benefit exceeds the death benefit payable without such guarantee.

The Variable Insurance Amount

The Variable Insurance Amount is based upon the investment results of the Subaccounts that You have selected and the interest credited to the Fixed and Loan Accounts, if selected or applicable. We set the Variable Insurance Amount on each Policy anniversary and do not change it until the next Policy anniversary.

During the first Policy Year, the Variable Insurance Amount is zero. On the first Policy anniversary, and on each anniversary thereafter, We

determine Your Variable Insurance Amount by comparing the “actual net investment return rate” of Your Subaccounts (as defined below) with an assumed investment return of 4% which We call “the Assumed Interest Rate.” The “actual net investment return rate” reflects the gross return on the underlying investments of Your Subaccounts plus the interest credited to the Fixed and Loan Accounts less Fund expenses and mortality and expense risk charges.

Your Variable Insurance Amount does not change if the actual net investment return rate is exactly equal to the Assumed Interest Rate. Your Variable Insurance Amount increases if the actual net investment return is greater than the Assumed Interest Rate and decreases if the actual net investment return rate is less than the Assumed Interest Rate.

The amount by which Your Variable Insurance Amount will increase or decrease during any Policy Year is determined by dividing the Excess Investment Return for a Policy Year by the applicable net single premium rate that is specified in Your Policy.

The Excess Investment Return for a Policy Year is equal to the Total Benefit Base on the anniversary (the sum of all values in Your Subaccounts, Fixed Account and Loan Account) less the Assumed Benefit Base on the anniversary (the Total Benefit Base at the beginning of the Policy Year increased by any net premiums received and increased by interest at the 4% Assumed Interest Rate to the end of the Policy Year).

Your Policy includes a table of the applicable net single premium rates per \$1.00 from ages 0 through 120. The net single premium increases as the Insured grows older, meaning that the Insured will receive less variable insurance per dollar of Excess Investment Return. Net single premiums also vary by the sex and underwriting classification (tobacco or non-tobacco) of the Insured.

The Variable Insurance Amount is calculated on a cumulative basis. This means that the amount reflects the accumulation of increases and decreases from past Policy Years. The cumulative amount may be positive or negative, depending on the investment performance of the Subaccounts selected. If the Variable Insurance Amount is negative, the death benefit is the guaranteed minimum death benefit. In other words, the death benefit is never less than the guaranteed minimum death benefit.

CASH VALUE

Determining Your Cash Value

There is no minimum guaranteed Cash Value. The Cash Value varies daily and on any day within the Policy Year equals the Cash Value as of the end of the prior Policy Year, plus the net premiums that You have paid since that date, plus the actual net investment return of the Subaccounts You have selected, plus the interest credited on the Fixed Account if selected, plus the interest credited to the Loan Account if You have any outstanding loans, adjusted for the cost of insurance protection and surrenders.

The Policy offers the possibility of increased Cash Value due to good investment performance and decreased Cash Value due to poor investment performance. You bear all of the investment risks.

Cost of Insurance Protection

Your Cash Value reflects a charge for the cost of insurance protection. We issue variable life insurance policies to (1) persons with standard mortality risks and (2) persons with higher mortality risks, as Our underwriting rules permit. We charge a higher gross premium for the person with the higher mortality risk. In all cases, We base the cost of insurance protection on the net amount at risk (NAR) (the Policy's guaranteed minimum death benefit, plus the Variable Insurance Amount, minus the Cash Value) and the person's sex and attained age. (See "Periodic Charges Deducted from the Subaccount Value – Cost of Insurance Protection.")

Policy Surrenders

You may fully surrender the Policy for its Surrender Value (its Cash Value less any outstanding Policy loans and loan interest) at any time while the Insured is living. The amount payable will be the Surrender Value that We next compute after We receive the surrender request at Our Administrative Office. If You request a full surrender, it will be effective on the date that We receive both the Policy and a written request in a form acceptable to Us.

You may partially surrender Your Policy on any Policy anniversary. We permit a partial surrender only if You (1) have no outstanding Policy loan and (2) have no overdue premiums. In addition, Your premiums and/or Face Amount after

the partial surrender must still meet the Policy's minimum requirements. A partial surrender will be effective only if We receive all requirements for a partial surrender at Our Administrative Office on or before the Policy anniversary. The partial surrender will be effective on the Policy anniversary.

When You make a partial surrender, the guaranteed minimum death benefit, Variable Insurance Amount, death benefit, and Cash Value for the Policy will each be reduced in the same proportion as the partial surrender relates to the Cash Value. The premium will also be reduced. We will pay the portion of the Cash Value of the original Policy that exceeds the Cash Value of the reduced Policy to You as a partial surrender. We will allocate the Cash Value of the reduced Policy among the Subaccounts in the same proportion as the allocation of the Cash Value of the original Policy. We will usually pay the Surrender Value within seven days if We have received all necessary forms. However, We may delay payment:

(1) If a recent payment that You made by check has not yet cleared the bank (We will not wait more than 15 days for a check to clear), or

(2) During any period:

- The New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is closed other than customary weekend and holiday closings,
- Trading on the NYSE, as determined by the SEC, is restricted,
- An emergency, as determined by the SEC, exists as a result of which disposal of the Separate Account's securities is not reasonably practicable

or it is not reasonably practicable to determine the value of the Separate Account's net assets, or

- The SEC may by order permit for the protection of security holders.

If, during any period identified in (2) above), We delay payment of the Surrender Value beyond 30 days from the date that We have received all necessary forms, We will pay interest from the effective date of the surrender.

While We do not assess a charge for full or partial surrenders, You should be aware that any surrender will have tax consequences and that a partial surrender within the first seven years may have adverse tax consequences, see "Tax Information". We may deduct withholding taxes from the Surrender Value.

Policy Loans

You may borrow up to 75% of the Cash Value during the first three Policy Years and 90% of the Cash Value after the first three Policy Years, if You assign Your Policy to Us as sole security. We charge daily interest on the outstanding loan amount at an effective annual rate of 6% compounded on each Policy anniversary. In general, if We approve the loan, We send the loan amount within seven days of receipt of the request. We will not permit a new loan unless it is at least \$100 or You use it to pay premiums. You may repay all or a portion of any loan and accrued interest at any time while the Insured is living and the Policy is in force.

When You take a loan, We transfer a portion of the Cash Value equal to the loan amount from the Subaccount(s) and/or the Fixed Account that You

have selected to Our General Account. We charge the loan amount to each Subaccount and/or the Fixed Account if applicable in the proportion which the value of each Subaccount and/or the Fixed Account bears to the Net Benefit Base of the Policy as of the date of the loan. A Policy loan does not affect the amount of the premiums due but does reduce the death benefit and Cash Value by the amount of the loan. A Policy loan may also permanently affect the Variable Insurance Amount and the Cash Value, whether or not You repay the loan in whole or in part. This occurs because We credit the amount in the Loan Account at the assumed interest rate of 4%, in accordance with the tabular Cash Value calculations that We have filed with the state insurance departments. Thus, even if it is repaid, a Policy loan will have a negative impact on the Variable Insurance Amount and the Cash Value, if the actual net investment returns of the Subaccounts You have selected, exceed the assumed interest rate of 4%. The longer the loan is outstanding, the greater the impact is likely to be.

If You do not pay the loan and interest when it is due on each Policy anniversary, We will increase Your loan by the amount of any unpaid interest, and We will transfer an equivalent amount of Cash Value from the Subaccount(s) to the General Account. We will credit loan repayments to each Subaccount in proportion to Your allocation to each Subaccount.

We subtract the amount of any outstanding loan plus interest from any death benefit or any Cash Value that We pay. If Your outstanding loan with accrued interest ever equals or exceeds

the Cash Value, We will mail notice of such event to You and any assignee at the assignee's last known address. The Policy will terminate 31 days after We mail such notice. A termination of the Policy may be a taxable event. The Policy does not terminate if You make the required repayment within that 31-day period.

While the receipt of the principal of a Policy loan is generally not taxable, it may be taxable if the loan is outstanding when the Policy is surrendered, exchanged, lapsed or converted to continued insurance, or the Policy has been converted into a MEC. A Policy loan may also cause a Policy to terminate if the Cash Value of the Policy falls below the total amount borrowed due to fluctuation in the values of the Subaccounts selected or other factors. In such case, the entire amount of the loan is immediately taxable to the extent it exceeds Your basis in the Policy. You should, therefore, consult with a qualified tax adviser before taking Policy loans.

SETTLEMENT OPTIONS

You or Your Beneficiary may elect to apply all or a portion of the proceeds of a surrender or death benefit payment, as applicable, under any one of the following fixed benefit settlement options rather than receive a single payment of Policy proceeds. The Policy proceeds must be at least \$1,000 and the settlement option chosen must be a minimum of \$50 per payment received. The amount of the payment under life income options will depend on the age and sex of the person whose life determines the duration of payments.

Federal tax consequences may vary depending on the settlement option chosen. The options are as follows:

Proceeds Left at Interest - Proceeds left with Us to accumulate, with interest payable at a rate of 2½% per year, which may be increased by additional interest.

Payment of a Designated Amount - Payments in installments until proceeds applied under the option and interest on unpaid balance at a rate of 2½% per year and any additional interest are exhausted.

Payment for a Designated Number of Years - Payments in installments for up to 25 years, including interest at a rate of 2½% per year. Payments may increase by additional interest, which We would pay at the end of each installment year.

Life Income, Guaranteed Period - Payments guaranteed for 10 or 20 years, as You elect, and for life thereafter. During the guaranteed period of 10 or 20 years, the payments may be increased by additional interest, which We would pay at the end of each installment year.

Life Income, Guaranteed Return - The sum of the payments made and any payments due at the death of the person on whose life the payments are based, never to be less than the proceeds applied.

Life Income Only - Payments made only while the person on whose life the payments are based is alive. If the person on whose life the payments are based dies before any life payments are made, then no payments will be made.

OPTIONAL INSURANCE RIDERS

The following riders may have been included in a Policy in states where available. If You wished to elect one or more of these riders, You must have done so at the time Your Policy was issued. Riders are subject to the payment of an additional premium, certain age and insurance underwriting requirements, and the restrictions and limitations that apply to the Policy, as described above. The summaries below describe important benefits, features, rights and obligations under each rider. Additional terms and conditions are set out in the form of each rider. You may obtain additional information in this regard from Your representative.

Accidental Death Benefit

You may have elected to obtain an accidental death benefit rider if the Policy Insured's age is 0 to 60. The rider provides for an additional fixed amount of death benefit in the event the Policy Insured dies from accidental bodily injury while the Policy is in force and before the Policy anniversary when the Policy Insured attains age 70. The amount of the benefit is equal to the Face Amount of the Policy, but cannot exceed an amount equal to \$200,000 minus the sum of the Policy Insured's accidental death benefit coverage in all other insurance companies.

Waiver of Premium

You may have chosen to obtain a waiver of premium rider if the Policy Insured's issue age is 15 to 55. Under the rider, We will waive all premiums falling due after the date of commencement of the disability and for as long as the disability continues. Disability, for this purpose, means a total disability of the Insured, which continues for

at least six months. Total disability means that the Policy Insured must be unable to engage for remuneration or profit in any occupation for which he or she is or could be suited by reason of education, training or experience. Being a student is considered engaging in an occupation. The waiver of premium only applies to disabilities that commence before the Policy anniversary when the Policy Insured reaches age 60.

Children's Term Life Insurance Rider (Not available on ISPC-10 or ISP10 Express. Limited availability on ISPC-20)

You may have purchased life insurance on children of the Policy Insured who are qualified under the terms of this rider. The Children's Term Life Insurance Rider allows You to purchase between \$5,000 and \$15,000 of coverage on qualified children, if the Policy Insured's issue age is 18-50. Qualified children are children ages 14 days to 18 years old at the inception of coverage. The premium is the same regardless of the number of children covered. Children born, adopted, or who become a stepchild after the issue date of the Policy are automatically insured as long as they are qualified under the terms of the rider. The rider expiration date is the Policy Anniversary on which the Policy Insured attains age 65.

The rider provides coverage to an Insured Child through the earlier of the Insured Child's 25th birthday, or the rider's expiration date. If the Policy Insured dies during the premium payment period and while an Insured Child has coverage, the Insured Child's coverage continues as paid up term insurance through the rider expiration

date, with no further premium payable. The rider coverage is convertible, without evidence of insurability, to a new individual policy providing permanent protection, at the earlier of when the Insured Child attains age 25 or when the Policy Insured attains age 65. The amount of insurance available under such new policy is subject to a minimum equal to the face amount of the rider coverage on the Insured Child, and a maximum equal to the lesser of five times the face amount of the rider coverage on the Insured Child, or \$50,000.

Spouse's Life Insurance Rider

(Not available on ISPC-10 or ISP10 Express)

You may have purchased term life insurance on the Policy Insured's spouse in the form of a rider to the Policy. The Spouse's Term Insurance Rider provides a death benefit of \$25,000 and is offered on simplified issue underwriting basis. This rider is available for a spouse issue ages 18-50. To be eligible, the spouse to be insured may not be 10 or more years older, nor 10 or more years younger, than the Policy Insured. Rider coverage expires at the later of when the insured spouse attains age 65, or 20 years from the issue date. The rider coverage is convertible to a new permanent plan of insurance without evidence of insurability within 60 days after the death of the Policy Insured, or within 60 days prior to the earliest of: the date of a scheduled Spouse rider premium increase, or the rider's expiration date, or when the insured spouse attains age 65. Premiums for this rider are level for an initial 20-year period; then increase for subsequent

level premium 20-year periods, or to the expiration date of the rider if earlier.

Level Term Insurance Rider

You may have elected to obtain term insurance protection in addition to the death benefit provided by the Policy. The additional coverage is purchased in the form of a rider to the Policy. The rider is available for either a 10-year coverage period or a 20-year coverage period. The 10-year rider can be added to any of the ISP Choice options except ISP10 Express. The 20-year rider is available on any ISP Choice option with a premium payment period of 20 years or more. The rider may be added in an amount up to 5 times the Face Amount of the ISP Choice Policy subject to a \$25,000 minimum amount. The rider coverage is convertible, without evidence of insurability to a new permanent plan of insurance. The amount of insurance under the new Policy may be any amount up to the Face Amount of the rider. The conversion may occur at any time during the premium payment period, but not later than the Policy anniversary when the Insured reaches age 65.

The guaranteed maximum premiums for this rider are level throughout the coverage period. We currently charge premiums less than the guaranteed maximum premiums.

We reserve the right to change current premiums for this rider but any change will be on a uniform basis by premium class and based upon future investment earnings, mortality, persistency and expenses. We cannot change current premiums on account of a deterioration of the Insured's health or a change in occupation.

OTHER PROVISIONS

Age and Sex

If You have misstated the age or sex of the Insured, the benefits available under the Policy are those that the premiums paid would have purchased for the correct age and sex.

Assignment

You may assign the benefits under a Policy to someone else. However, the assignment is not binding on Us, unless it is in writing and received at Our Administrative Office. We assume no responsibility for the validity or sufficiency of any assignment. Unless otherwise provided in the assignment, the interest of any revocable beneficiary is subordinate to the interest of any assignee, regardless of when You made the assignment. The assignee receives any sum payable to the extent of his or her interest.

Beneficiary

This is the person(s) you designate in the application to receive death benefits under the Policy upon the death of the Insured. You may change this designation during the Insured's lifetime, by filing a written request with Our Administrative Office in a form acceptable to Us.

Right to Examine

You have a period of time to review Your Policy and cancel it for a refund of premiums paid. The duration and terms of the "right to examine" period vary by state, and are stated on the cover of Your Policy. At a minimum You can cancel Your Policy within 10 days after receipt. You must return Your Policy along with a written request for cancellation.

Default and Options on Default

A Policy is in default if You do not pay any premium (after the first premium) when it is due. There is a grace period of 31 days during which the Policy continues in force. If the Insured dies during the grace period, We deduct from the death benefit the portion of the premium applicable to the period from the premium due date to the end of the Policy month in which death occurs.

If You have elected the automatic premium loan provision, and You do not pay a premium within the grace period, the premium will automatically be borrowed from the Cash Value of the Policy. If You do not resume paying premiums, this process will continue until the Cash Value in Your Policy is exhausted. This will result in a termination of Your Policy or conversion of the remaining Cash Value into a continued insurance option. The total amount of all loans then outstanding will be considered a taxable distribution to the extent You have any gains in Your Policy.

If You have not elected the automatic premium loan provision and You do not surrender a Policy within 31 days after the date of default, We apply the Policy's Cash Value minus any loan and interest to purchase continued insurance. If the Insured is rated as standard class, You automatically have the extended term insurance option if You make no other choice. If We rated the Policy for extra mortality risks, You automatically receive the reduced paid-up insurance option. Both options are for fixed life insurance, and neither option requires the further payment of premiums. The extended

term insurance option provides a fixed and level amount of term insurance equal to the death benefit (minus any indebtedness) as of the date the option becomes effective. The insurance coverage under this option continues for as long a period as the Surrender Value on such date purchases.

The reduced paid-up whole life insurance option provides a guaranteed level amount of paid-up whole life insurance. The guaranteed amount of coverage is the amount that the Surrender Value purchases on the date the option becomes effective. The Cash Value of the reduced paid-up whole life insurance is entirely invested in the Fixed Account and cannot be transferred or reallocated to any of the Subaccounts. Any excess interest declared by the company on the Fixed Account will purchase additional paid-up whole life insurance in the manner previously described under the Variable Insurance Amount.

You may surrender a Policy continued under either option for its Cash Value while the Insured is living. You may make a loan under the reduced paid-up whole life insurance option, but not under the extended term insurance option.

Right to Exchange Options

The exchange options allow You to exchange this Policy for a permanent fixed benefit life insurance Policy.

Exchange Option 1

Within the first 18 months after the Policy's issue date, if You have duly paid all premiums, You may exchange this Policy for a permanent fixed life insurance Policy that We issue on the Insured's life.

You do not need to provide evidence of insurability to exercise this option. The new Policy will have a level Face Amount equal to the Face Amount of this Policy. The new Policy will have the same issue date, issue age and premium class as this Policy and the same optional insurance riders if such riders are available. We base premiums for the new Policy on the premium rates for the new Policy that were in effect on this Policy's issue date.

In some cases, We may adjust the Cash Value on exchange. The adjustment equals the Policy's Surrender Value minus the new Policy's tabular cash value. If the result is positive, We pay that amount to You. If the result is negative, You pay that amount to Us. We will determine the amount of a cash adjustment as of the date We receive the Policy and written request at Our Administrative Office.

Exchange Option 2

If any Fund changes its investment adviser or makes a material change in its investment objectives or restrictions, You may exchange this Policy for a permanent fixed benefit life insurance Policy that We issue on the Insured's life. We will notify You if there is any such change. You will be able to exchange this Policy within 60 days after Our Notice or the effective date of the change, whichever comes later. No evidence of insurability is required for this exchange.

The new Policy will be issued at Your attained age at the time of the exchange on a substantially comparable General Account plan of insurance. The face amount of the new Policy will be for an amount not exceeding the excess

of the death benefit of this Policy on the date of exchange or:

1. The Cash Value of this Policy on the date of exchange if You elect to surrender this Policy; or

2. The death benefit payable under the Paid-Up Insurance Surrender Value Option if You choose to elect that option.

Grace Period

With the exception of the first premium, We allow a grace period of 31 days for payment of each premium after it is due. The Policy continues in force during the grace period unless You surrender it.

Incontestability

Except for fraud or nonpayment of premiums, We do not contest the validity of the Policy and its riders after it has been in force during the lifetime of the Insured for two years from the date of issue.

Changes to the Policy

We have the right to change the terms of the Policy without Your consent where necessary to comply with applicable law. We may, at our discretion, replace or supplement the Separate Account with a different separate account (which may have its own subaccounts) or add additional Subaccounts as available options under the Policy. We may discontinue any existing Subaccounts as available options under the Policy. We reserve the right to combine the Separate Account with any other separate account or to combine Subaccounts. We may at Our discretion invest the assets of any Subaccount in the shares of another investment company or

any other investment permitted by law. Such substitution would be made in compliance with any applicable provisions of the 1940 Act.

We will provide You with written notice regarding any significant changes.

State Variations

Where required by state law, there may be variations in the Policy which are covered by a special form of the Policy for Your state. Your Policy, as a result, may differ from those described in this prospectus. You should refer to Your Policy and any applicable riders for terms that are specific to Your characteristics.

Payment and Deferment

We will usually pay the death benefit, Surrender Value, or loan proceeds within seven days after We receive all documents required for such payments. However, We may delay payment (1) if a recent payment by check has not yet cleared the bank, or (2) during any period: (i) the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is closed other than customary weekend and holiday closings, (ii) trading on the NYSE, as determined by the SEC, is restricted, (iii) an emergency, as determined by the SEC, exists as a result of which disposal of the Separate Account's securities is not reasonably practicable or it is not reasonably practicable to determine the value of the Separate Account's net assets, or (iv) the SEC may by order permit for the protection of security holders.

Under a Policy continued as paid-up or extended term insurance, We may defer the payment of the Surrender Value or loan proceeds for up to six months. If We postpone the payment

more than 30 days, We will pay interest. We will pay the interest from the date of surrender to the date We make payment.

Payment of Dividends

The Policy does not provide for dividend payments. Therefore, it is “non-participating” in the earnings of NNY.

Policy Years and Anniversaries

We measure Policy Years and anniversaries from the date of issue of the Policy, which will generally be the date on which We approve the application. Each Policy Year will commence on the anniversary of the date of issue.

Reinstatement

If the Policy terminates, You may apply for reinstatement within three years of termination. A Policy surrendered for cash or for which the extended term insurance option was in effect may not be reinstated. To reinstate, You must present evidence of insurability acceptable to Us, which, in some cases, may involve standard underwriting, including a medical examination, and You must pay to Us the greater of:

- (1) All premiums from the date of default with interest to the date of reinstatement, plus any Policy debt (plus interest to the date of reinstatement) in effect when You continued the Policy as reduced paid-up insurance or extended term insurance; or
- (2) 110% of the increase in Cash Value resulting from reinstatement.

To reinstate, You must also pay Us any Policy debt that arose after the continuation of the Policy as reduced paid-up insurance. We calculate interest on any such debt at the rate of 6% per year compounded annually.

Suicide

If the Insured commits suicide within two years from the Policy’s date of issue, Our liability under the Policy is limited to all premiums paid less any indebtedness.

Valuation of Assets

We determine the unit value for each Subaccount at the regularly scheduled close of business of the NYSE, on each day the NYSE is open for regular trading (“Business Day”). The NYSE is closed on most national holidays and Good Friday. We value shares of each Fund at the net asset value per share as determined by the Fund. Each Fund determines the net asset value of its shares as described in the Fund’s prospectus.

Processing Transactions

Generally, transaction requests (such as loan repayments or reallocation requests) will be processed as of the Business Day We receive them, if We receive them at our Administrative Office in Good Order (i.e., in form and substance acceptable to Us) before the close of business on that day (generally 4:00 P.M., Eastern Time). If Your transaction request is received at our Administrative Office in Good Order after the close of a Business Day, it will be deemed received and processed as of the next Business Day. To meet Our requirements for processing transactions, We may require that You use Our forms.

FEES, CHARGES AND EXPENSES

We describe below the fees and charges that You are required to pay to purchase and maintain the Policy. We guarantee that once You have purchased Your Policy, We will not increase the amount of Your premium payments except as described under “Optional Insurance Riders” or the charges that We deduct from Your premiums. The charges that We deduct from Your Subaccount(s) for mortality and expense risks are also guaranteed not to increase (except as described in “The Frequency of Your Payments”).

Transaction Fees

We deduct the fees, charges and expenses listed below from Your premiums. The resulting net premium amount is allocated among the Subaccount(s) and the Fixed Account as You have selected.

Premium Charge

We impose a premium charge on each premium payment. The premium charge is a percentage of the premium amount less the Policy charge and decreases by Policy Year as shown in the following schedule:

Years	Maximum Premium Charge Percentages				
	ISPC-10	ISPC-20	ISPC-65	ISPC-WL	ISP10 Express
1	33.5% of premium	33.5% of premium	33.5% of premium	33.5% of premium	33.5% of premium
2-5	11.5% of premium	11.5% of premium	11.5% of premium	10.5% of premium	11.5% of premium
6 and later	8.5% of premium	8.5% of premium	8.5% of premium	7.5% of premium	8.5% of premium

The premium charge is intended to cover Our sales expenses, premium taxes and other costs and risks associated with the Policy. The premium charge does not correspond to Our actual costs in any particular year.

First Year Charge

We impose a charge in the first Policy Year (which is in addition to other applicable fees and charges) at the maximum rate of \$5 per \$1,000 of the guaranteed insurance amount for Our administrative expenses in issuing the Policy.

Annual Policy Charge

We impose a maximum annual charge for Our administrative expenses of \$85 on ISPC-10, ISP10 Express, ISPC-20 and ISPC-65 and \$65 on ISPC-Whole Life.

Premium Payment Mode

When You pay premiums on other than an annual basis, the premium amount, the annual Policy charge and the first year charge will increase to compensate for Our loss of interest and additional billing and collection expenses. A portion of this increase is credited under Your Policy to Your selected Subaccounts so that We can match Our assumptions about Your premiums to provide the guaranteed minimum death benefit of Your death benefit.

Increase for Installment Payment of Premiums (as a percentage of an annual payment/charge):

Payment Frequency	% Increase
Annual	0%
Semi-annual	2%
Quarterly	4%
Monthly	5.96%

Transfer Fees

We charge a \$10 fee for transfers of the Net Benefit Base in excess of four per Policy Year, including those involving the Fixed Account. See “Transfer of Net Benefit Base” for more information.

Optional Insurance Rider Premiums

We charge an additional premium for each optional insurance rider that You selected for Your Policy. See the table entitled “Transaction Fees and Other Charges and Expenses” in the “Fee Tables” section of this prospectus and Your Policy for more information on the additional premiums for each optional insurance rider.

PERIODIC CHARGES DEDUCTED FROM THE SUBACCOUNT VALUE

Cost of Insurance Protection

We deduct a charge from the Subaccount assets attributable to Your Policy for the cost of insurance protection. This amount is determined by the insurance rates applicable to Your Policy based upon Your age, sex, underwriting classification and the net amount of insurance that is at risk. We guarantee that the cost of insurance will not be higher than rates based on the 2001 Commissioners’ Standard Ordinary Mortality Table for the Insured’s sex and tobacco use classification, which We use to compute the cost of insurance protection for each Policy. (See “Cash Value--Cost of Insurance Protection”).

Your premium will also reflect Your mortality rating. In short, Your premium will be higher if You are rated as having a higher than average mortality risk.

The cost of insurance protection generally increases each year because the probability of death increases as a person’s age increases. The net amount at risk may decrease or increase each year depending on the investment experience of the Subaccount(s) and/or the Fixed Account selected.

Mortality and Expense Risk Charge

We deduct from the Subaccount assets attributable to Your Policy a daily charge for the mortality and expense risks (“M&E”) that We assume. Please refer to the chart entitled “Periodic Charges Other Than Fund Operating Expenses” on page 8 of this prospectus for the M&E charge applicable to Your Policy.

Policy Loan Interest

If You have an outstanding Policy loan, We charge interest that accrues daily at an effective annual rate of 6% compounding on each Policy anniversary. The loan and loan interest are due on each Policy anniversary. If You do not pay the interest when it is due, it will be added to the loan amount and We will transfer an equivalent amount from the Subaccounts to the General Account.

The Policy loan interest rate is 6%. However, because We transfer from the Separate Account to Our General Account an amount equal to the amount of the loan, while the loan is unpaid, We credit You into Your chosen Subaccount(s) interest at an effective annual rate of 4% for the amount maintained in the General Account. As a result, the net interest rate as a cost to You is 2%.

Income Tax Charge

We do not expect to incur any federal income tax as the result of the net earnings or realized net capital gains of Separate Account B. However, if We did incur such tax, We reserve the right to charge the Separate Account for the amount of the tax. We may also impose charges for other applicable taxes attributable to the Separate Account.

Deductions from the Funds

Each Fund makes daily deductions from its assets to cover management fees and other expenses. Because this impacts the Subaccount assets attributable to Your Policy, You bear these charges indirectly.

Annual Fund expenses for all Funds are fully described in the Fund prospectuses.

We begin to accrue and deduct all of the above charges and premiums on a Policy's Issue Date.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE POLICY

The Policies are no longer offered for new sales, but existing Policyowners may continue to make premium payments. As such, the Policy is considered to be continuously offered by NNY and the Separate Account.

Prior to the acquisition of FLIAC by NNY, Foresters Financial Services, Inc., an affiliate of FLIAC, served as principal underwriter for the Policies. As a result of the acquisition of FLIAC by NNY, effective July 1, 2020, 1851 Securities, Inc., an affiliate of NNY, assumed the role of the principal underwriter for the Policies. 1851 also serves as principal underwriter for other variable insurance products issued by NNY and its affiliated companies. NNY or an affiliate thereof reimburses 1851 for expenses that 1851 incurs in serving its principal underwriting function for variable insurance products of NNY. 1851 does not receive or retain any fees imposed by NNY under variable insurance products issued by NNY; however, 1851 may receive 12b-1 fees or other payments from underlying funds or their affiliates.

1851's principal executive offices are located at One American Row, Hartford, CT 06103. 1851 is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "1934 Act"), as well as the securities commissions in the states in which it operates and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

1851 and NNY have entered into a selling agreement with Cetera Investment Services LLC ("Cetera") to cover Cetera's continued servicing of Policies held by Cetera customers. This agreement also covers Cetera's sale and servicing of other variable annuity contracts and variable life insurance policies issued by NNY (including those contracts and policies assumed by NNY in connection with the Merger of FLIAC into NNY). Cetera is registered as a broker-dealer with the SEC under the 1934 Act and is a member of FINRA.

Compensation

Under Our agreement with Cetera, We generally pay compensation to Cetera in the form of commissions when a premium payment is made under a Policy. Depending on the premium payment period option applicable to Your Policy and when Your Policy was issued, We pay commissions of up to 99% on premiums paid in the first Policy Year, 16% on premiums paid in Policy Years 2-3, 5% on premiums paid in Policy Years 4-10 (with the exception of 10% on premiums paid in Policy Year 7) and 2% on premiums paid thereafter. No other compensation is paid to Cetera with respect to any other Policyowner transactions under the

Policy. We do not pay compensation to Cetera based on the value of Your Policy.

A portion of the compensation paid by NNY to Cetera is used by Cetera to pay commissions or other compensation to its registered representatives who service the Policy, depending on the agreement between Cetera and the registered representative. Such representatives act as appointed agents of NNY under applicable state insurance law and must be licensed to sell variable insurance products. Cetera or a registered representative may receive different compensation for selling or servicing one variable insurance product compared to another.

To the extent permitted by FINRA rules and otherwise applicable law, overrides and promotional incentives or cash and non-cash payments (including training reimbursement or training expenses) also may be made to Cetera based on premium payments invested in the Policy. Additional payments may be made to Cetera that are not directly related to the investment of additional premium payments in the Policy, such as payments related to the recruitment and training of personnel, production of promotional literature and similar services.

The Policy assesses a front-end sales charge on premium payments, so You directly pay for sales and distribution expenses of NNY when You make a premium payment. You also indirectly pay for sales and distribution expenses of NNY through the overall charges and fees assessed under the Policy. For example, any profits NNY may realize through receiving the mortality and expense risk charge deducted under Your Policy may be used to pay for sales and distribution expenses. NNY may also pay for sales and distribution expenses out of any payments NNY or 1851 may receive for providing administrative, marketing and other support and services to the Funds. Currently, neither NNY nor 1851 receives such payments with respect to the Policies.

FEDERAL TAX INFORMATION

This section provides an overview of federal tax law as it pertains to the Policy. It assumes that the Policyowner is a natural person who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident. The tax law applicable to corporate taxpayers, non-U.S. citizens, and non-U.S. residents may be different. We do not discuss state or local taxes herein, except as noted. The tax laws described herein could change, possibly retroactively. The discussion is general in nature and is not tax advice, for which You should consult a qualified tax adviser.

POLICY PROCEEDS

We believe that the Policy qualifies as a life insurance contract for federal income tax purposes because it meets the definition of “life insurance contract” in Section 7702 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (“Code”). Under Section 7702, a Policy will generally be treated as life insurance for federal tax purposes if at all times it meets either a guideline premium test or a cash value accumulation test. We have designed Your Policy to comply with only the cash value accumulation test. The investments of each Subaccount also satisfy the investment diversification requirements of Section 817(h) of the Code. Consequently:

- The death benefit will, if and when paid, be excluded from the gross income of the Beneficiary for federal income tax purposes;
- The growth of the Cash Value of the Policy, if any, that is attributable to the investments in the Subaccounts will not be subject to federal income tax,

unless and until there is a full or partial surrender of the Policy; and

- Transfers among Subaccounts are not taxable events for purposes of federal income tax.

SURRENDERS AND LOANS

The federal tax treatment of Policy surrenders and loans depends upon whether the Policy is a MEC under Section 7702A of the Code. A MEC is a contract that meets the definition of a “life insurance contract” but fails to meet the “seven-pay” test of Section 7702A(b). Under the seven-pay test, the total premiums paid cannot, at any time during the first seven years of a contract, exceed the total premiums that would have been paid by that time under a similar fixed-benefit life insurance contract designed to provide for paid-up future benefits after the payment of seven equal annual premiums.

The Policy offered by this prospectus has been designed so that it will not be a MEC at the time it is issued. However, under the MEC rules, a Policy may become a MEC after it has been issued if the Policyowner decreases the Face Amount, takes a partial surrender, terminates a rider, allows the Policy to lapse into extended term or reduced paid-up insurance, or makes any other material change to the Policy. If a Policy becomes a MEC, any Policy that is issued in exchange for it will also be a MEC. Furthermore, all MECs that are issued by Us to a Policyowner in any calendar year will be treated as one Policy under the MEC rules. Because MECs are taxed differently, You should

consult with a qualified tax expert before making any change to Your Policy that might cause it to be treated as a MEC.

Policies that Are not MECs

If Your Policy is not a MEC, a total surrender of the Policy will subject You to federal income tax on the amount (if any) by which the cash Surrender Value exceeds Your basis in the Policy (premiums paid less previous distributions that were not taxable). If You elect to receive Your payment in installments, depending upon the option selected, You may be taxed on all or a portion of each installment until the income in the Policy has been paid; only after all Your basis in the Policy has been paid; or on a portion of each payment.

If You make a partial surrender after the first 15 Policy Years, the distribution will not be subject to federal income tax unless the amount of the partial surrender exceeds Your basis in the Policy. In other words, partial surrenders after 15 Policy Years will be treated as being from basis first and income second. During the first 15 Policy Years, the portion of the partial surrender that is subject to federal income tax will depend upon the ratio of Your death benefit to the Cash Value and the age of the Insured at the time of the surrender.

If Your Policy is not a MEC, Policy loans are not considered distributions and are not subject to current federal income tax as long as the Policy remains in force, nor is the interest paid on such loans deductible for federal income tax purposes.

If You surrender or exchange Your Policy while a loan is outstanding, the amount of the loan will be treated as a distribution and may be taxable. Moreover, under certain circumstances, if You exchange Your Policy while a loan is outstanding, the amount of the loan may be taxed on an “income first” basis.

If the Cash Value of Your Policy falls below the aggregate amount of the loan balance as the result of the fluctuation in the value of the underlying Funds or for any other reason, the Policy may terminate (see “Cash Value”). In that case, all outstanding loans will be immediately taxable to the extent they exceed premiums paid. You should consult with a qualified tax expert before taking a Policy loan.

Policies that Are MECs

A Policy that is classified as a MEC continues to be a life insurance contract for purposes of the federal income tax treatment of the death benefit and inside build-up. However, distributions are treated differently. Distributions from a Policy that is classified as a MEC are taxed on an “income first” basis (that is, if a Policy is a MEC, generally distributions are taxed as earnings first, followed by a return of the Policy’s cost basis). If a Policy is a MEC, distributions include partial and full surrenders. Also, Policy loans from a MEC may be taxable. Furthermore, if a Policy becomes a MEC, distributions that occur prior to the date on which it became a MEC may also be subject to the MEC rules. Finally, subject to certain exceptions, taxable withdrawals that are made from a MEC prior to age 59 ½ are subject to an additional 10% penalty.

Tax Withholding

Regardless of whether Your Policy is a MEC, whenever there is a taxable distribution from the Policy, the amount of any gain is subject to federal income tax withholding and reporting. We will not withhold income tax if You so request in writing before the payment date. However, in such event, You are subject to any potential tax penalties that may result from Our failure to withhold taxes.

Estate and Generation Skipping Taxes

Because of the complex nature of the federal tax law, We recommend that You consult with a qualified tax adviser about the estate tax implications associated with purchasing a Policy. The Code provides an exemption for federal estate tax purposes (indexed for inflation annually) that may apply in whole or in part depending on your individual circumstances. An unlimited marital deduction may be available for assets left to a U.S. citizen spouse. The marital deduction defers estate and gift taxes until the death of the surviving spouse. Any unused exemption in one spouse's estate will be available in most cases to the surviving spouse.

When the Insured dies, the death benefit payable under the Insured's Policy will generally be included in the Insured's estate for federal estate tax purposes if (1) the Insured and the Policyowner are the same or (2) the Insured held any "incident of ownership" in the Policy at death or at any time within three years of death. An incident of ownership is, in general, any right that may be exercised by the Policyowner, such as the right to borrow from the Policy or to name a new Beneficiary.

If a Policyowner (whether or not he or she is the Insured) transfers ownership of the Policy to another person, such transfer may be subject to a federal gift tax. In addition, if a Policyowner transfers the Policy to someone two or more generations younger than the Policyowner, the transfer may be subject to the federal generation-skipping transfer tax ("GSTT"). Similarly, if the Beneficiary is two or more generations younger than the Insured, the payment of the death benefit to the Beneficiary may be subject to the GSTT. The Code provides an exemption to the GSTT (indexed for inflation annually) that may apply in whole or in part depending on your individual circumstances.

Other Tax Issues

We are taxed as a "life insurance company" under the Code. We do not expect to incur any federal income tax as a result of the net earnings or realized net capital gains attributable to Separate Account B. Based on this expectation, no charge is currently assessed against Separate Account B for such tax. If We incur such tax in the future, We may assess a charge for such tax against Separate Account B. We may incur state and local taxes (in addition to premium taxes) attributable to Separate Account B in several states. At present, these taxes are not significant and We do not impose any charge for such taxes against Separate Account B. We may assess Separate Account B for such taxes in the future. If any charges for federal, state or local taxes are assessed against Separate Account B in the future, they could reduce the net investment performances of the Subaccounts.

In order for a Policy to be treated as a life insurance contract for federal income tax purposes, the investments of each Subaccount to which premiums under the Policy are allocated must be “adequately diversified” in accordance with the Code and Treasury Department regulations. The investment advisers of the Funds monitor each Fund’s investment portfolio to ensure that the diversification requirements are met, because, for purposes thereof, a Fund’s assets are treated as if they are owned by each Subaccount that invests therein. If any Subaccount to which premiums under Your Policy are allocated failed to satisfy these requirements, Your Policy would not receive tax treatment as a life insurance contract for the period of the failure and any subsequent period. As a result, You could be currently taxed on the net earnings and net realized gains of the Subaccount(s) in which You were indirectly invested. This is a risk that is common to all variable life insurance policies.

Each of the Funds sells its shares not only to Separate Account B but also to other separate accounts which fund variable life insurance policies and variable annuity contracts. We do not anticipate any disadvantage resulting from this arrangement. However, it is possible that a material conflict of interest could arise between the interests of Policyowners and Contractowners which invested in the

same Fund. If such a conflict were to arise, We would take whatever steps were necessary to protect the interests of Policyowners and Contractowners, including potentially substituting a different Fund for the Fund. It is also possible that the failure of one separate account to comply with the federal tax law requirements could cause all of the separate accounts to lose their tax-deferred status. This is a risk that is common to many variable life insurance policies and variable annuities.

Under certain circumstances, a Policyowner’s control of the investments of Separate Account B may cause the Policyowner, rather than Us, to be treated as the owner of the assets in Separate Account B for federal tax purposes, which would result in the current taxation of the net income and net realized gains on those assets to the Policyowner. Based upon existing Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) guidance, We do not believe that the ownership rights of a Policyowner under the Policy would result in the Policyowner’s being treated as the owner of the assets of the Policy. However, We do not know whether additional guidance will be provided by the IRS on this issue and what standards may be contained in such guidance. Therefore, We reserve the right to modify the Policy as necessary to attempt to prevent a Policyowner from being considered the owner of a pro rata share of the assets of the Policy.

VOTING RIGHTS

Because the Funds of the VIP Series and the Goldman Sachs Variable Insurance Trust are not required to have annual shareholder meetings, Policyowners generally will not have an occasion to vote on matters that pertain to the Funds. In certain circumstances, one or more of the Funds may be required to hold a shareholders meeting or may choose to hold one voluntarily. For example, a Fund may not change fundamental investment policies without the approval of a majority vote of that Fund's shareholders in accordance with the 1940 Act.

If a Fund holds a meeting at which shareholders are entitled to vote, Policyowners will have the opportunity to provide voting instructions for shares of the Fund held by a Subaccount in which their Policy invests. We will vote the shares at any such meeting as follows:

- Shares attributable to Policyowners for which We have received instructions, in accordance with the instructions;
- Shares attributable to Policyowners for which We have not received instructions, in the same proportion that We voted shares held in the Subaccount for which We received instructions; and
- Shares not attributable to Policyowners, in the same proportion that We have voted shares held in the Subaccount attributable to Policyowners for which We have received instructions.

We will vote Fund shares that We hold directly in the same proportion that We vote shares held in any corresponding Subaccounts that are attributable to Policyowners and for which We receive instructions. However, We will vote Our own shares as We deem appropriate where there are no shares held by Policyholders in any Subaccount. We will present all the shares of any Fund that We hold through a Subaccount or directly at any Fund shareholders meeting for purposes of determining a quorum. As a result of proportional voting, the votes cast by a small number of Policyowners may determine the outcome of a vote.

We will determine the number of Fund shares held in a corresponding Subaccount that is attributable to each Policyowner by dividing the value of the Subaccount by the net asset value of one Fund share. We will determine the number of votes that a Policyowner has the right to cast as of the record date established by the Funds.

We will solicit instructions by written communication before the date of the meeting at which votes will be cast. We will send meeting and other materials relating to the Fund to each Policyowner having a voting interest in a Subaccount.

The voting rights that We describe in this prospectus are created under applicable laws. If the laws eliminate the necessity to submit such matters for approval by persons having voting rights in separate accounts of insurance companies or restrict such voting rights, We reserve the right to proceed in

accordance with any such changed laws or regulations. We specifically reserve the right to vote shares of any Fund in Our own right, to the extent permitted by law.

CYBER SECURITY AND BUSINESS CONTINUITY RISKS

Our variable product business is dependent upon the effective operation of Our computer systems and those of Our business partners, and so Our business may be vulnerable to disruptions from utility outages and susceptible to operational and information security risks resulting from information system failures (e.g., hardware and software malfunctions) and cyber-attacks. These risks include, among other things, the theft, misuse, corruption and destruction of data maintained online or digitally, denial of service attacks on websites and other operational disruption and unauthorized release of confidential customer information. Such system failures and cyber-attacks affecting Us, the Funds, intermediaries and other affiliated or third-party service providers may adversely affect Us and Your interest in the Policy.

We are also exposed to risks related to natural and man-made disasters and catastrophes, such as (but not limited to) storms, fires, floods, earthquakes, public health crises, malicious acts and terrorist acts, any of which could adversely affect Our ability to conduct business. A natural or man-made disaster or catastrophe, including a pandemic (such as COVID-19), could affect the ability or willingness of Our employees or the employees of Our service providers to perform their job responsibilities.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

NNY is regularly involved in litigation and arbitration, both as a defendant and as a plaintiff. The litigation and arbitration naming NNY as a defendant ordinarily involves the company's businesses and operations. In certain of these matters, the plaintiffs are seeking large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive or exemplary damages. The Separate Account and principal underwriter are not currently involved in any litigation or arbitration.

NNY periodically receives informal and formal requests for information from various state and federal governmental agencies and self-regulatory organizations related to the company's products and practices. It is NNY's practice to cooperate fully in these matters.

It is not feasible to predict or determine the ultimate outcome of all litigation, arbitration or regulatory proceedings or to provide reasonable ranges of potential losses. It is believed that the outcome of the company's litigation, arbitration, and regulatory matters are not likely, either individually or in the aggregate, to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the company beyond the amounts already reported in the financial statements or on the ability of the principal underwriter to perform its functions with respect to the Policies. However, given the large or indeterminate amounts sought in certain of these matters and the inherent unpredictability of litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations, it is possible that an adverse outcome in certain matters could, from time to time, have a material adverse effect

on NNY's results of operations or cash flows in particular quarterly or annual periods or on the ability of the principal underwriter to perform its functions.

REPORTS

Our variable life insurance is offered through broker-dealers that are registered with the SEC and are members of FINRA. At least twice each year, We will send a report to You that contains financial information about the Funds, as required by applicable law. In addition, unless otherwise agreed, we will send You a confirmation on behalf of the broker-dealers through which the variable life insurance transaction is processed after each transaction that affects the value of Your Policy, and at least once each year We will send a statement that gives You financial information about Your Policy, including, to the extent applicable, Your scheduled fixed premium payments.

If several members of the same household each own a Policy, We may send only one such report or prospectus to that address, unless You instruct Us otherwise. You may receive additional copies by calling or writing Us.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Audited financial statements of the Separate Account and NNY are included in the Statement of Additional Information. For a free copy of the Statement of Additional Information, simply call or write to Our Administrative Office or contact Us through Our website at www.nfg.com. The Statement of Additional Information is also available on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Please read this prospectus and keep it for future reference. It contains important information that You should know before buying a Policy. We filed a Statement of Additional Information (“SAI”), dated May 1, 2021 with the Securities and Exchange Commission that contains additional information about the Policy, the Separate Account, and Us. We incorporate the SAI by reference into this prospectus. You can get a free SAI, request other information about the Policy or make other inquiries by writing to Our Administrative Office at P.O. Box 22012, Albany New York 12201 (or 15 Tech Alley Drive, Suite 201, East Greenbush, New York 12061 for overnight mailings), calling Us at 1-800-832-7783 between the hours of 9:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M., Eastern Time, faxing Us at 1-321-400-6316 or by visiting Our website www.nfg.com. You can obtain copies of Our documents (including reports and the SAI), after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at publicinfo@sec.gov. Such document can also be viewed online or downloaded from the EDGAR database on the SEC’s Internet website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

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